

Homework 10

Deadline is 24.09.2020

September 16, 2020

1. Calculate the integral.

a)  $\iint_D x \sin(x+y) dx dy, D = [0, \pi] \times \left[0, \frac{\pi}{2}\right],$

b)  $\iint_D xy^2 dx dy, D = \{(x, y) : 0 \leq x \leq 1, x^3 \leq y \leq x^2\},$

c)  $\iint_D \frac{x^2}{y^2+1} dx dy$ , where  $D$  is the domain bounded by the curves

$$y = x, y = 0, xy = 1, x = 2.$$

2. Let  $X$  be a uniformly distributed random variable on the interval  $(0, 1)$ . Find the correlation of the following random variables

a)  $X$  and  $X^2$ ,

b)  $X$  and  $X^3$ .

3. Let  $X_n, n \in \mathbb{N}$  be a sequence of random variables such that their distribution function has the following forms

$$F_{X_n}(\omega) = \begin{cases} 1 - \left(1 - \frac{1}{n}\right)^{nx} & , \text{ if } x > 0 \\ 0, & \text{ if } x \leq 0. \end{cases}$$

Show that  $X_n$  converges in distribution to the exponential random variable with  $\lambda = 1$ .

4. Let  $\lambda > 0$  and  $X_n, n \in \mathbb{N}$  be a sequence of random variables such that

$$X_n \sim \mathbf{Binomial}\left(n, \frac{\lambda}{n}\right)$$

for  $n > \lambda$ . Show that  $X_n$  converges in distribution to **Poisson**( $\lambda$ ).

5. Let  $X_n, n \in \mathbb{N}$  be a sequence of random variables such that

$$X_n(\omega) = \begin{cases} n^2, & \text{with probability } \frac{1}{n}, \\ 0, & \text{with probability } 1 - \frac{1}{n}. \end{cases}$$

Find the limit of  $X_n$  in means of the probability convergence.

6. Let  $X_n$  be a uniform random variable on the interval  $\left(0, \frac{1}{n}\right)$ , for all  $n \in \mathbb{N}$ .

Find the limit of  $X_n$  in means of the  $r$ -th mean, where  $r \geq 1$ .

7. Let joint PDF of random variables  $X$  and  $Y$  is

$$f(x, y) = \frac{a}{1 + x^2 + y^2 + x^2 y^2}.$$

- (a) Calculate the coefficient  $a$ .
- (b) Calculate joint CDF of random variables  $X$  and  $Y$ .
- (c) Calculate marginal CDFs of random variables  $X$  and  $Y$ .
- (d) Are  $X$  and  $Y$  independent?

8. Let joint PDF of random variables  $X$  and  $Y$  is

$$f(x, y) = \begin{cases} a \left( x^2 + \frac{xy}{2} \right), & \text{if } (x, y) \in [0, 1] \times [0, 2] \\ 0, & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$

- (a) Calculate the coefficient  $a$ .
- (b) Calculate  $\mathbb{P}(X > Y)$ .
- (c) Calculate  $\mathbb{P}(X > 0.5 | Y < 0.5)$ .